

# Datanet: Enabling Seamless, Metered and Trusted Last-Mile Connectivity without Subscriptions

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## Problem

Limitations of relying on trusted ISPs with long-term subscriptions for last-mile network connectivity:

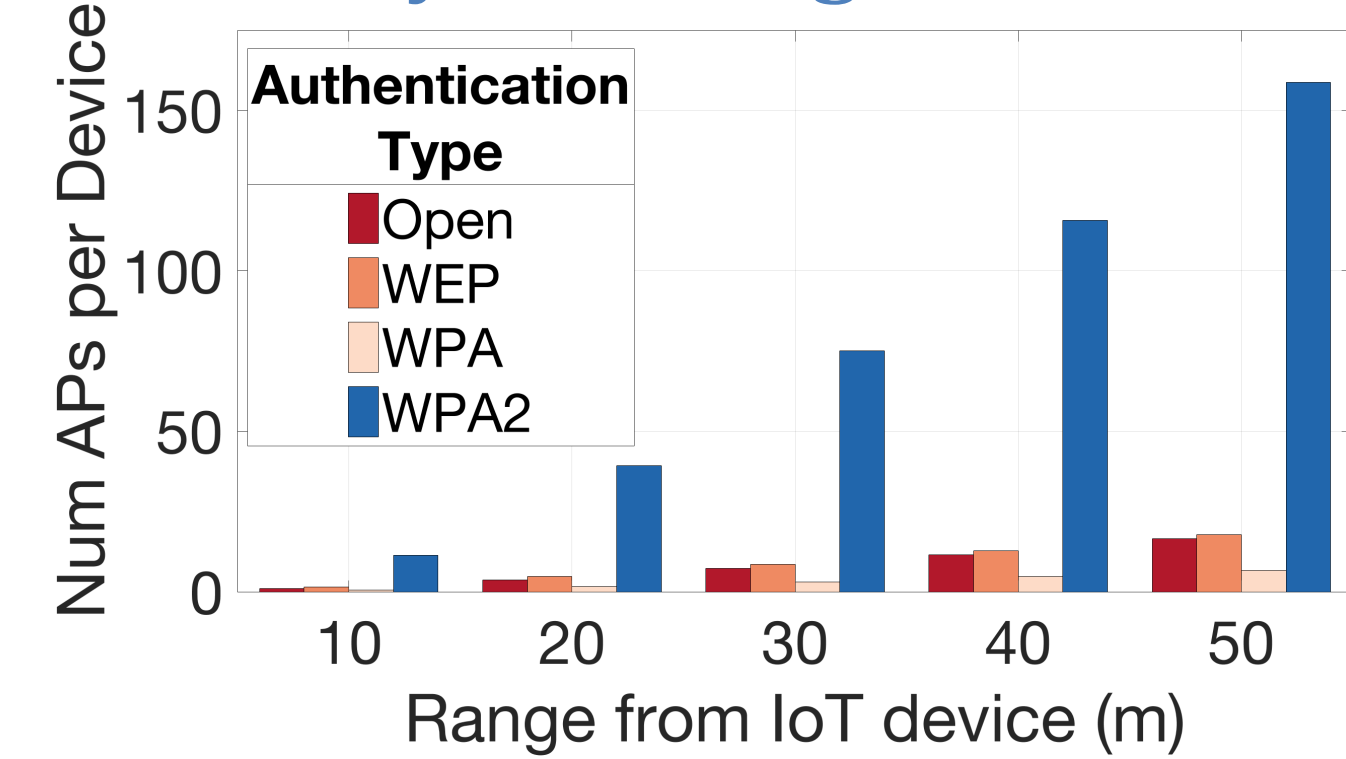
- **Managing per-device data contracts and requiring deployment of new infrastructure for internet connectivity** poses significant overhead for realizing the IoT (e.g. smart-cities)
- End-device **restricted** to accessing ISP-enabled networks or known/open access points (AP) only
- **No seamless way** for closed networks to monetize underutilized resources by authenticating unknown devices and enforcing payments

## Our Goal

- Enable devices to **seamlessly and securely connect** with closed last-mile networks with **no a-priori identity or trust relationship**.
- Enable closed networks to connect with unknown devices and enforce payments, **without requiring hardware or firmware modification**.

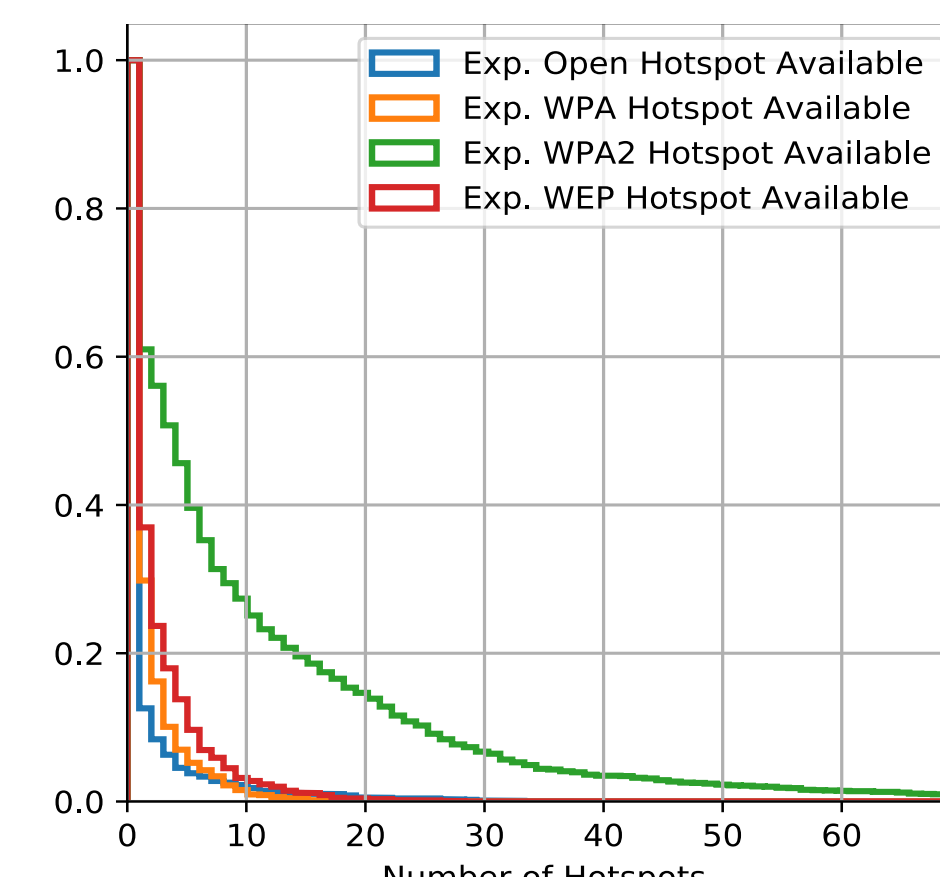
## Potential Impact

Array of Things testbed of 126 IoT devices in Chicago



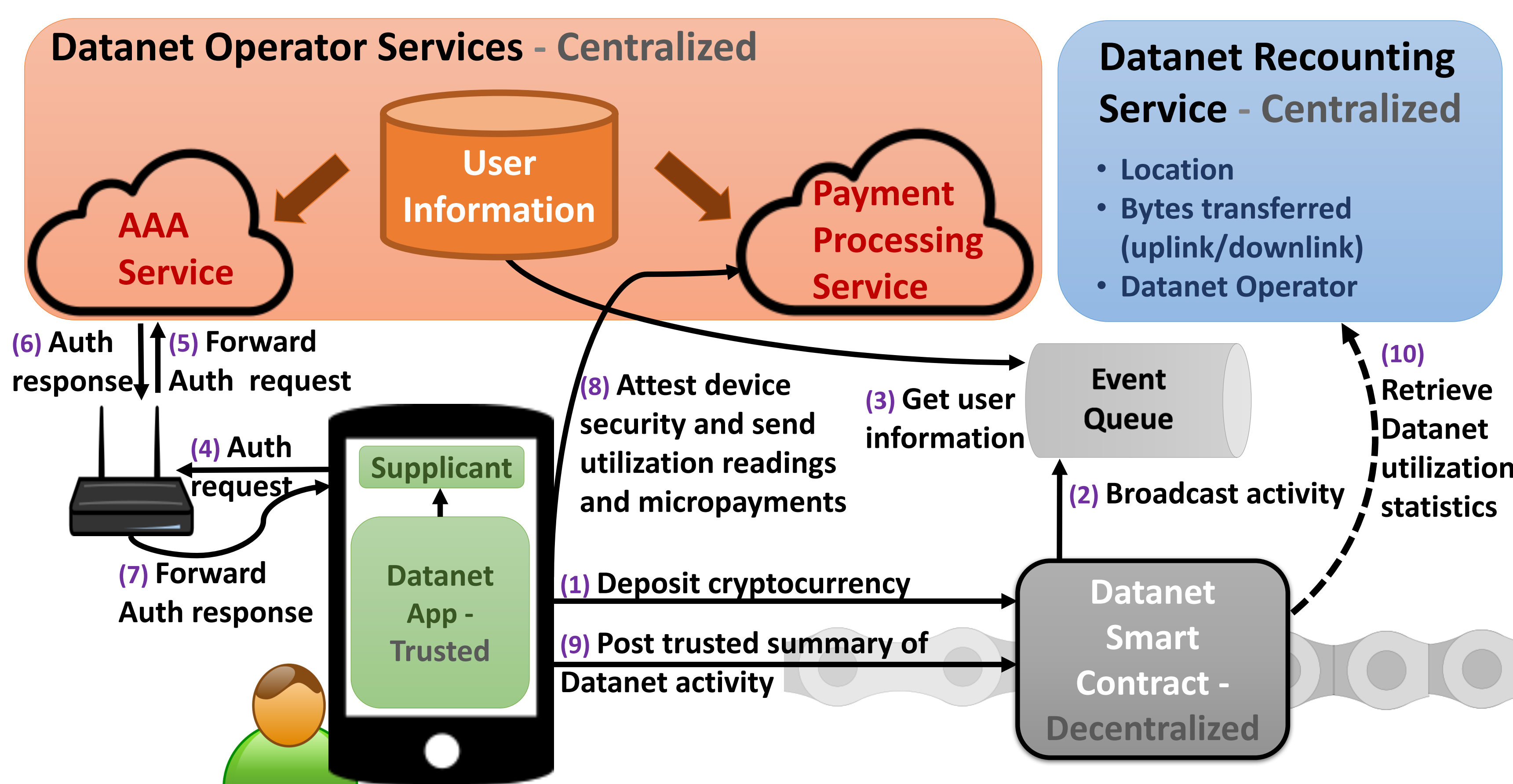
Even within a range of 10m, ~12 closed Datanet-compatible WiFi access points (i.e. WPA/WPA2) are available on average to each device.

LifeMap mobility dataset (fine-grained location tracking of 12 students for 7 months in Seoul, South Korea)



Reverse CDF of estimated number of accessible APs within a 30m range of each location, categorized by encryption used. 20% prob. of at least 15 closed APs vs 5% prob. of at least 5 open APs per location

## Design

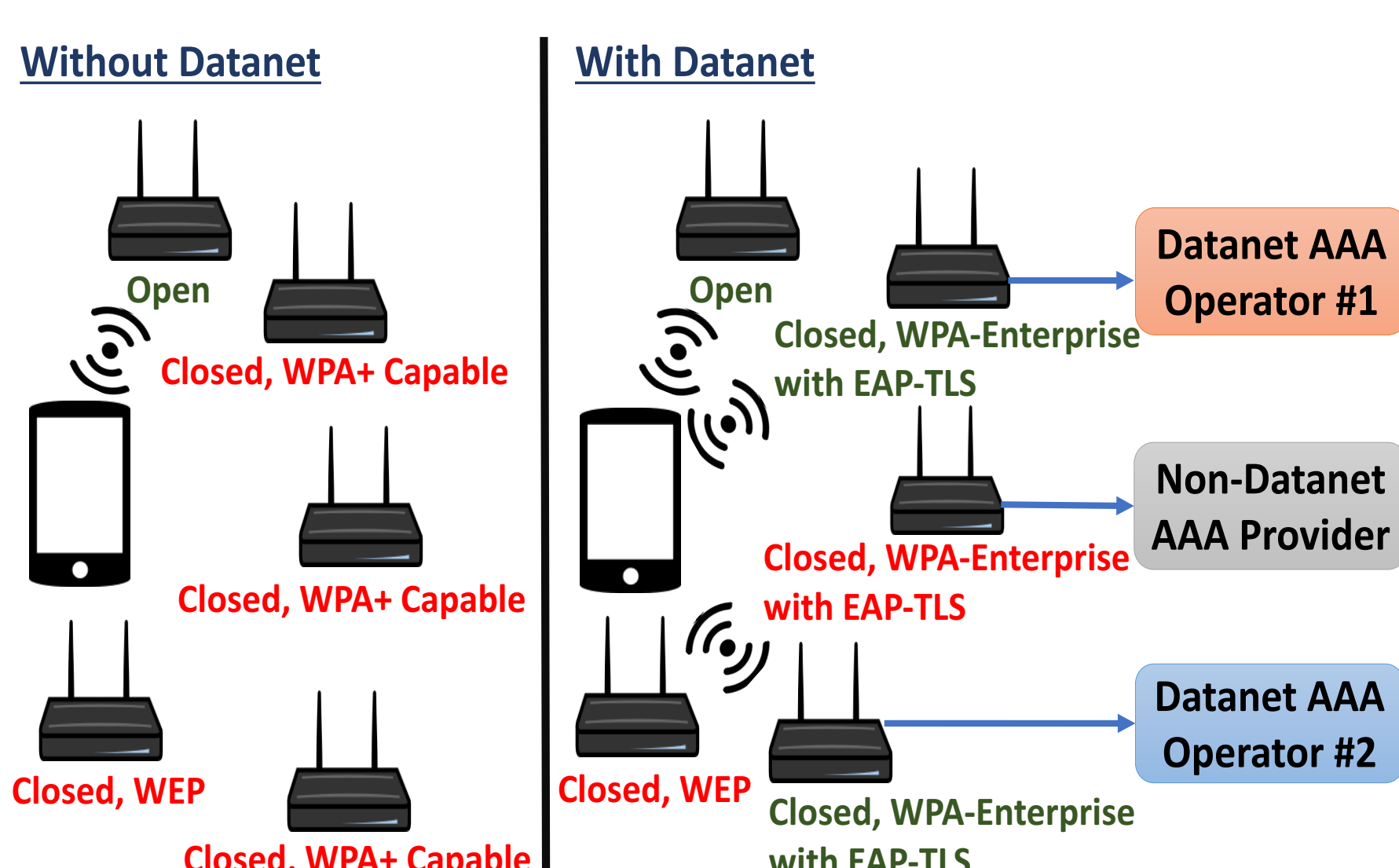


## Key Insights

- Leverage blockchain PKI credentials to authenticate device into network using EAP-TLS and remote AAA servers
  - *Enables non-custodial identity management*
  - *Allows the use of existing standards for auth*
  - *Does not require AP modification for blockchain-based auth*
- AAA servers run by Datanet operators who receive micropayments for incremental bandwidth consumption from connected client devices and relay these payments to APs using the PayPlace protocol
  - *Overcomes prohibitive capital requirements typically imposed on consumers and intermediaries by PCNs*
  - *Does not require AP modification to process micropayments*
- Datanet operators enforce payments based on *trusted* utilization readings relayed by client devices
  - *Enabled by remote attestation techniques that verify device security and code being executed*

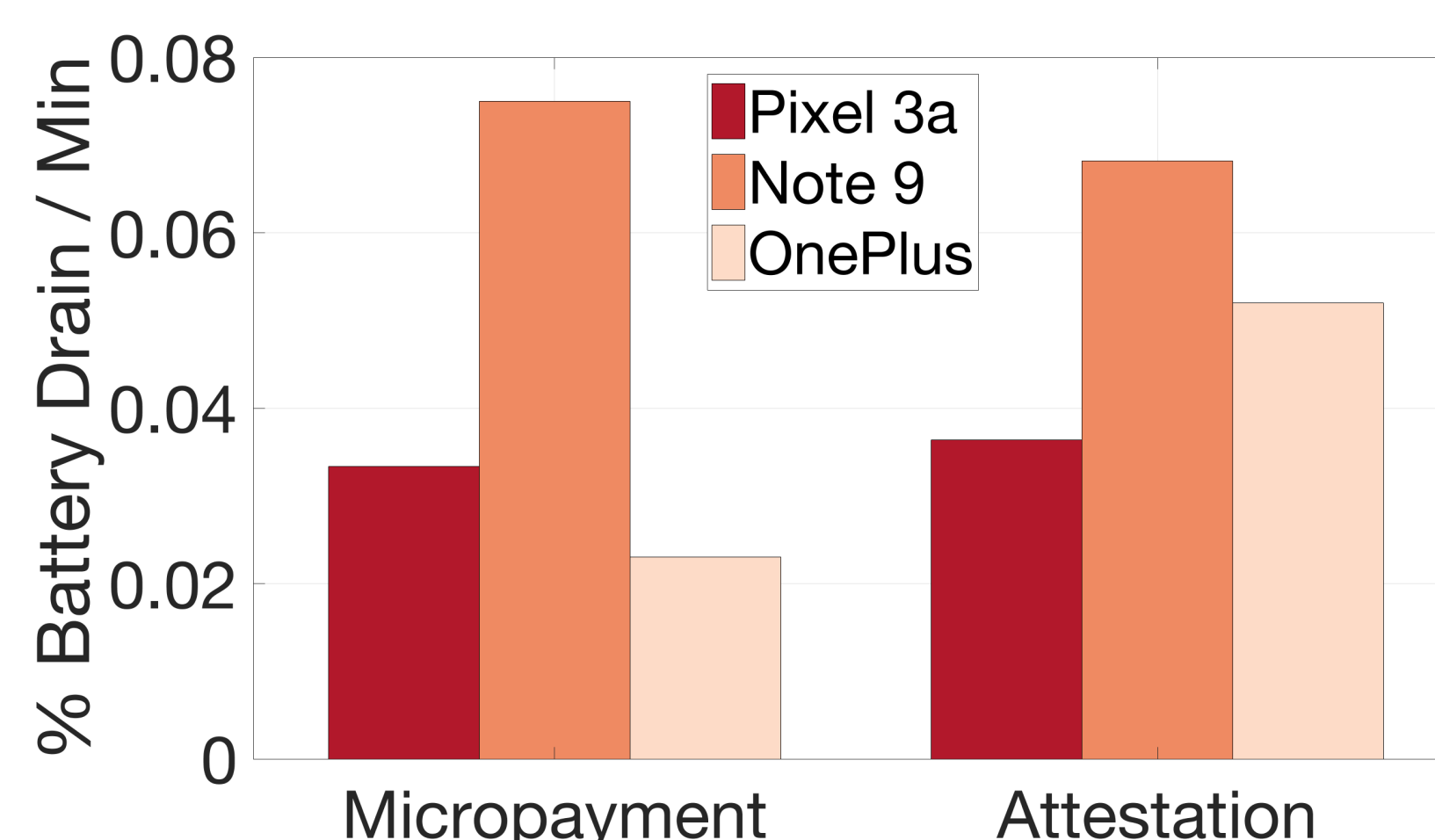
## Evaluation

### Current vs. Proposed State

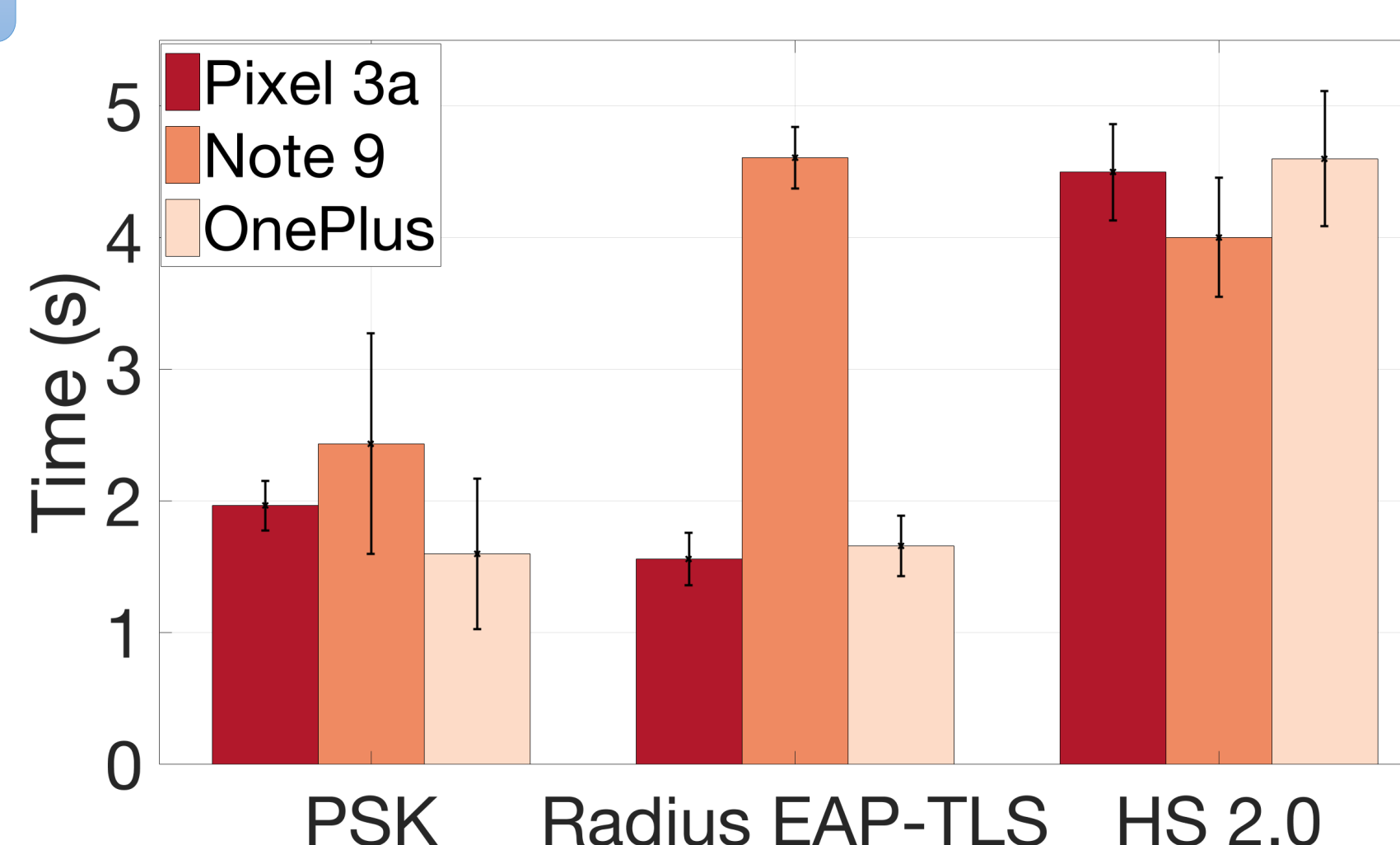


With Datanet, end-devices can access any hotspot that supports EAP-TLS and uses a Datanet operator for remote auth.

### Overhead of Datanet

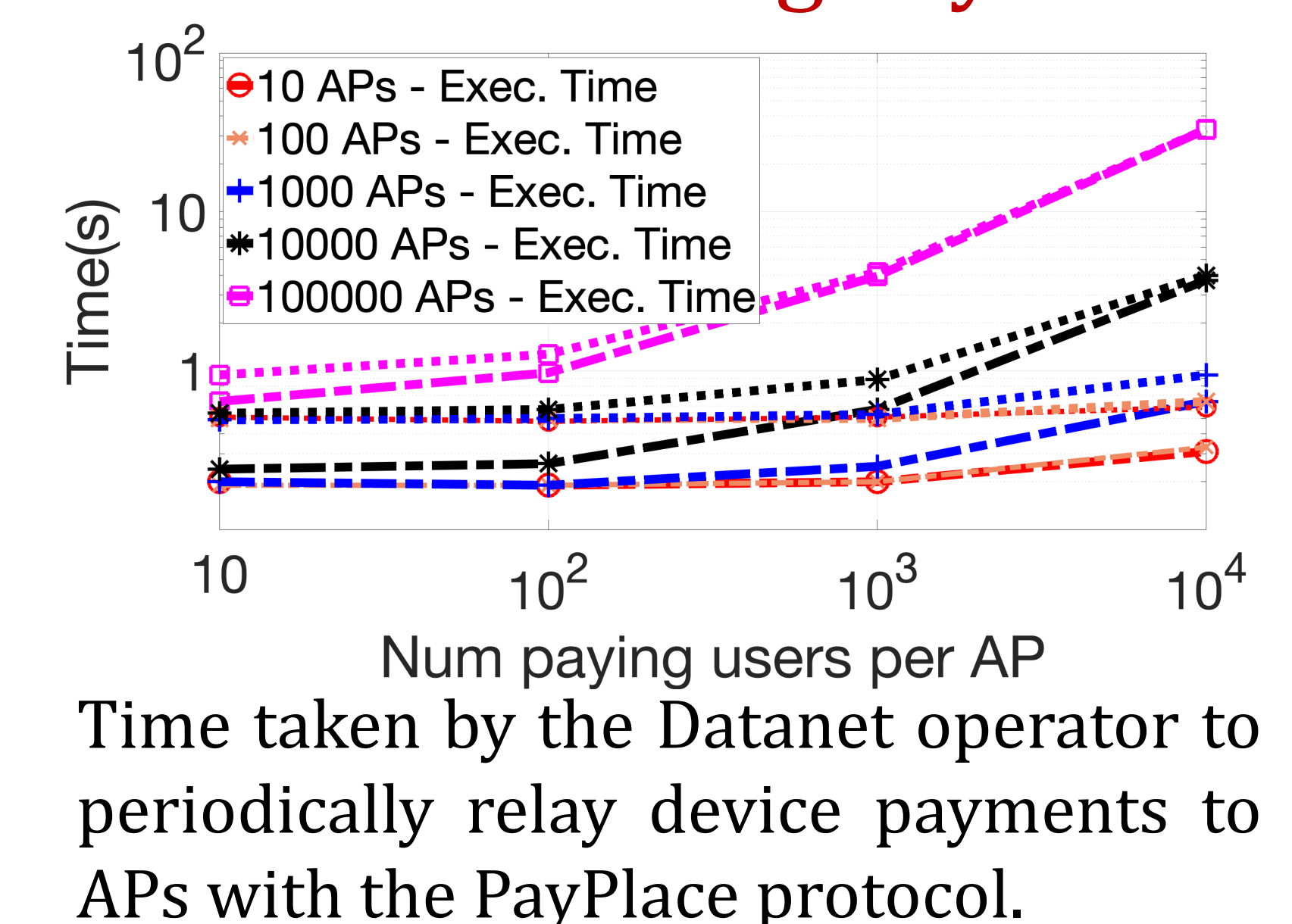


Micropayments and attestation operations do not result in significant increase in battery drain. Performed once every minute for 5 hours.

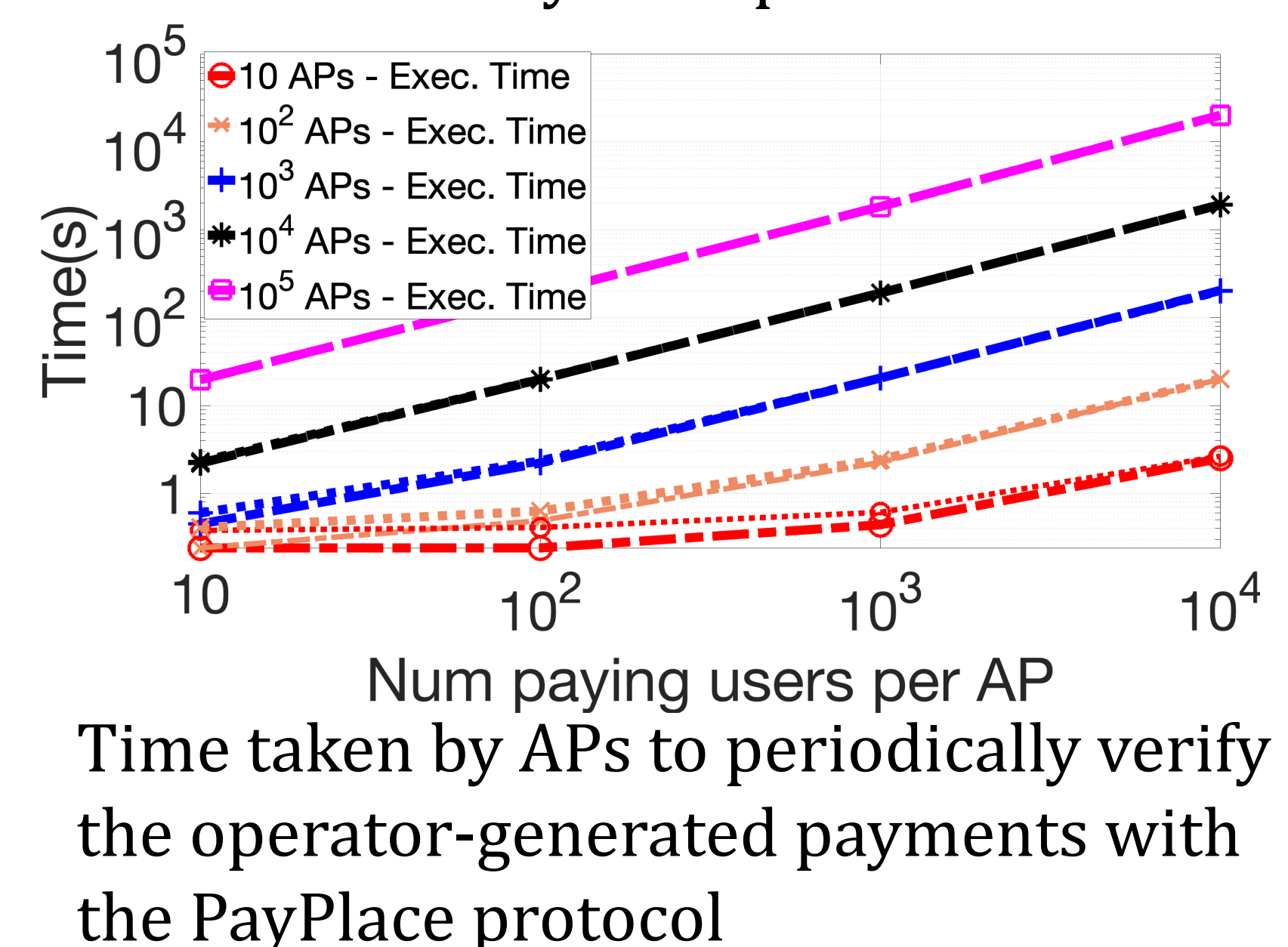


Latencies in connecting to a Datanet-enabled AP is seen to be equivalent to connecting with a PSK or to a Hotspot 2.0 enabled EAP-TTLS AP.

### Overhead of Processing Payments



Time taken by the Datanet operator to periodically relay device payments to APs with the PayPlace protocol.



Time taken by APs to periodically verify the operator-generated payments with the PayPlace protocol